# Building an R package

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## Steps

- Prepare your functions, example data sets
- Build package structure using package.skeleton()
- Edit DESCRIPTION file
- Edit NAMESPACE file
- Edit the help file (\*.Rd files in man subdirectory)
- Write a package vignette
- Build and install the R package (R CMD build)
- Check the R package (R CMD check)

## Structure of an R package

The package.skeleton function produces the following:

- A file named DESCRIPTION
- A file named NAMESPACE
- A file named Read-and-delete-me that tells you what to do next
- A man/ subdirectory of documentation files
- An R/ subdirectory of R code
- A data/ subdirectory of datasets
- inst/ contains miscellaneous other stuff and package Vignette

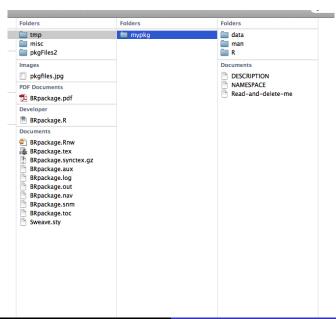
Folders	Developer
tmp pkgFiles2	zzz.R myfunction.R
misc  PDF Documents  BRpackage.pdf  Developer  BRpackage.R  Documents  BRpackage.Rnw  BRpackage.aux  BRpackage.log  BRpackage.nav  BRpackage.nav  BRpackage.snm  BRpackage.snm  BRpackage.snce  BRpackage.sond  SRpackage.sond  SRpackage.sout  Sweave.sty	Documents mydata.txt

#### R package

Copy the directory pkgFiles2 to a local directory and try the following to create a skeleton R package:

```
> tmpdir <- "tmp"
> if(file.exists(tmpdir)) unlink(tmpdir, recursive=TRUE)
> dir.create(tmpdir)
> source("./pkgFiles2/myfunction.R")
> mydata<-read.delim("./pkgFiles2/mydata.txt", header=T)
> namespace<-c("linmodEst", "mydata")
> package.skeleton(name="mypkg", namespace,path=tmpdir, force=TRUE)
> Stangle("BRpackage.Rnw")
Writing to file BRpackage.R
```

### R package example



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# Literate programming

Literate programming means that text, data, and computer code are interwoven in a single self-contained document.

## Package vignettes

Vignettes are written in the spirit of sharing knowledge, and assisting new users in learning the purpose and use of a package.

- A Sweave style vignette (.Rnw) file that contains chunks of code that are evaluated by R at 'R CMD build' time or on demand by the user with the Sweave command.
- The vignette should demonstrate how to use the package to accomplish a non-trivial task (describe a typical workflow).
- The key property of a vignette is "reproducibility"

See also the writing R extensions manual.

### Literate programming for R uses Sweave

Essentially requires a single source document – a '.Rnw' file.

\*.Rnw 
$$\xrightarrow{\text{Sweave}}$$
 \*.tex  $\xrightarrow{\text{latex}}$  \*.dvi  $\xrightarrow{\text{xdvi}}$  view of document

see http://www.bias-project.org.uk/Rpackages\_course/intro\_Sweave.pdf

## Syntax using Sweave

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{Sweave}
\begin{document}
Some content
≪ ≫=
my R code chunk
data<-read.delim("mydata.txt")
n<-nrow(data)</pre>
0
There are \backslash Sexpr\{n\} observations.
\end{document}
```

## Code chunk options

- eval(TRUE, or FALSE)
   Whether the R chunk is run
- echo(TRUE, FALSE)
  Whether the R chunk is shown in the LATEX file
- results(verbatim, hide, tex)
   Type of output used to show the printed results produced by the R code.
- fig(TRUE, FALSE)
   Whether the output is a figure. By default, PDF files are produced.
- ullet «figname, fig=TRUE, include=FALSE»

## $Vignette \rightarrow pdf$

The file LiquidAssociation.Rnw outlines a possible vignette for an R package.

```
> require(tools)
> library(tools)
> Sys.setenv(PATH = paste(Sys.getenv("PATH"),"/usr/texbin", sep = ":"))
> cpwd<-getwd()
> setwd("./misc")
> Sweave("LiquidAssociation.Rnw")
> texi2dvi("LiquidAssociation.tex", pdf=TRUE)
> setwd(cpwd)
```

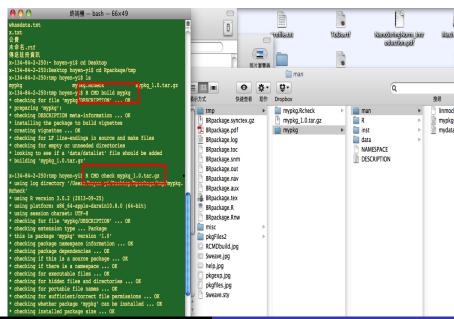
## Complete the package

```
> cpd<-getwd()
> tmpdir<-paste(cpd, "/tmp", sep="")
> if(file.exists(file.path(tmpdir, "mypkg/inst"))) {
+         unlink(file.path(tmpdir, "mypkg/inst"))
+ }
> dir.create(file.path(tmpdir, "mypkg/inst/doc"), recursive=TRUE)
> file.copy("./misc/LiquidAssociation.Rnw", file.path(tmpdir, "mypkg/inst/doc/")
[1] TRUE
> file.copy("./misc/LiquidAssociation.pdf", file.path(tmpdir, "mypkg/inst/doc/")
[1] TRUE
```

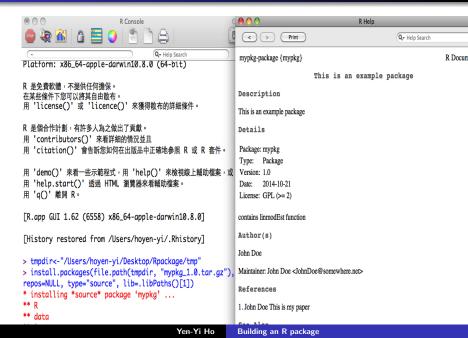
# Vignettes in R packages

- Assume users have not read the paper about your wonderful method yet
- By following the vignette, users learn exactly how to format their own data in order to use the software
- The vignette is automatically checked during R CMD check <pkgname>. A working vignette is useful for ensuring that the package is functional as the package evolves

## Running R CMD check



# Installing the R package



## My R session

- > toLatex(sessionInfo())
  - R version 3.0.2 (2013-09-25), x86\_64-apple-darwin10.8.0
  - Locale: zh\_TW.UTF-8/zh\_TW.UTF-8/zh\_TW.UTF-8/c/zh\_TW.UTF-8/zh\_TW.UTF-8
  - Base packages: base, datasets, graphics, grDevices, methods, stats, tools, utils